

# STORM WATER MANAGEMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE

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September 10, 2020 Background Information Included



prince  
George's  
county MARYLAND



Angela D. Alsobrooks  
*County Executive*

October 13, 2020

Terry L. Bellamy  
*DPW&T Director*

## Agenda

- ◆ Greetings from the Mayor
- ◆ DPWT Presentation
  - Gwendolyn Clerkley
  - Vernon Stinnett
  - Charlie Griffith
- ◆ Questions
- ◆ Wrap Up and Next Steps

## Meeting Reminders

- ◆ Keep yourself on mute unless you are speaking
- ◆ Raise your virtual hand and be recognized to make comments
- ◆ Be respectful, no profanity or yelling
- ◆ Be mindful of the time and allow your neighbors the opportunity to ask questions
- ◆ DPWT will monitor the CHAT, please place any questions there



## ◆ *Introduction*

*On September 10, 2020, our region Washington, Maryland and District of Columbia reported rainfall totals of four (4) to six (6) inches within a two to three hour period. This amount of rainfall equates to a one hundred (100) year storm; the storm caused unprecedented flooding causing creeks, streams, channels, culverts and road to overflow; and home and businesses to flood.*

## ◆ *Storm Facts*

The AccuWeather forecast on September 9<sup>th</sup> for 11:30 AM – 10:30 PM, heavy rain with an accumulation of .75 to 1.5 inches with localized amounts of 2 inches.

The AccuWeather forecast on September 10<sup>th</sup> for 12:45 PM – 11 PM; periods of rain through Thursday night expected to be heavy at times, especially late Thursday afternoon. Rainfall totals of 0.25 to 0.75 inches are likely with locally higher amounts of 2.00 inches are possible where heavy downpours persist. Rainfall rates of 0.50 to 1.00 inch per hour are likely, especially in any heavy downpour. Be alert for flash flooding in any flood prone and low lying areas. This forecast was later cancelled with the following message: This warning has been canceled. A couple of spotty showers and perhaps an isolated downpour will remain possible into this evening. However, the threat for widespread heavy rain has ended.

The National Weather Service issued the flash flood warning shortly after the heavy down pour began.



# STORM WATER INFRASTRUCTURE



- ◆ Public infrastructure, to include storm drain, is typically designed and constructed as a requirement of permitted projects.
- ◆ The current design standard for a storm drain system is ten (10) years; communities designed prior to the change may have a two (2) years system. Communities developed prior to the storm water management standards may have no storm drain system in place.
- ◆ This standard means the storm drain system can convey two and eight tenths (2.8) inches of water in the first hour.
- ◆ Rain intensity, amount and time are factors in determining how much water a storm drain system may convey.

## Rain Intensity Report

Prince George's County and USGS Gauges (view = 5aef955f-1714-4cfe-8538-d79d0a3505bb)

Start time: 2020-09-10 08:00:00

End time: 2020-09-10 20:00:00








All Timestamps are in local time and mark end of interval.

Null interval fill method: fill with zero value

**Change This Title - Area**

### Rainfall Return Periods

#### Inches of rainfall

Return Period	1-hour	2-hour	3-hour	6-hour	12-hour	1-day	2-day	Color
2-year	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.1	4.7	
5-year	2.5	2.7	3.3	4.0	4.8	5.8	6.6	
10-year	2.8	3.2	3.9	4.9	5.9	7.1	8.1	
25-year	3.4	3.8	4.8	6.1	7.4	9.0	10.1	
50-year	3.8	4.2	5.6	7.2	8.7	10.6	11.8	
100-year	4.2	5.1	6.5	8.5	10.2	12.4	13.6	
500-year	5.5	7.2	9.0	12.2	14.7	17.7	18.7	



# RAIN TOTALS IN INCHES SEPTEMBER 10<sup>TH</sup> EVENT



Site	Sensor	1 HR	2 HR	3 HR	6 HR	12 HR	1 Day	2 Day
<b>Edmonston Pump Station</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>4.13</b>	<b>4.57</b>	<b>4.57</b>	<b>4.61</b>	<b>4.61</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Queens Chapel Rd.</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>3.62</b>	<b>4.76</b>	<b>4.84</b>	<b>4.92</b>	<b>4.92</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Riverdale Rd.</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>3.86</b>	<b>4.57</b>	<b>4.61</b>	<b>4.61</b>	<b>4.61</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Wildercroft Park</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>1.81</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Adelphi Mill</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>1.34</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Berwyn Rd.</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>2.56</b>	<b>3.07</b>	<b>3.11</b>	<b>3.15</b>	<b>3.15</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Powder Mill</b>	<b>620</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>1.26</b>	<b>1.26</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Odell Rd.</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>1.89</b>	<b>1.89</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Briggs Chaney Rd.</b>	<b>640</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.24</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Kenilworth Ave.</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>PG Sports Center</b>	<b>660</b>	<b>0.59</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>0.79</b>	<b>0.83</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Montpelier School</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>MNCPPC Maint. Facility</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>1.73</b>	<b>2.28</b>	<b>2.36</b>	<b>2.56</b>	<b>2.56</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Sligo Ck.</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>4.49</b>	<b>4.57</b>	<b>4.65</b>	<b>4.65</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Laurel Lakes</b>	<b>PC</b>	<b>1.77</b>	<b>2.09</b>	<b>2.09</b>	<b>2.13</b>	<b>2.13</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Largo Town Center</b>	<b>PC</b>	<b>2.28</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>3.43</b>	<b>3.43</b>	<b>3.43</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Heritage Glen</b>	<b>PC</b>	<b>1.18</b>	<b>1.38</b>	<b>1.46</b>	<b>1.46</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

# NOAA POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

PDS-based precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) <sup>1</sup>										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.358 (0.325-0.394)	0.430 (0.390-0.473)	0.511 (0.463-0.563)	0.570 (0.515-0.628)	0.646 (0.580-0.712)	0.702 (0.627-0.775)	0.758 (0.672-0.838)	0.812 (0.716-0.902)	0.882 (0.768-0.985)	0.937 (0.809-1.05)
10-min	0.572 (0.519-0.629)	0.688 (0.624-0.756)	0.818 (0.741-0.901)	0.912 (0.824-1.00)	1.03 (0.924-1.14)	1.12 (0.998-1.23)	1.21 (1.07-1.33)	1.29 (1.13-1.43)	1.40 (1.22-1.56)	1.48 (1.27-1.66)
15-min	0.715 (0.649-0.787)	0.864 (0.784-0.950)	1.03 (0.938-1.14)	1.15 (1.04-1.27)	1.31 (1.17-1.44)	1.42 (1.26-1.56)	1.52 (1.35-1.68)	1.63 (1.43-1.80)	1.76 (1.53-1.96)	1.85 (1.60-2.08)
30-min	0.981 (0.889-1.08)	1.19 (1.08-1.31)	1.47 (1.33-1.62)	1.67 (1.51-1.84)	1.93 (1.73-2.13)	2.13 (1.90-2.35)	2.33 (2.07-2.58)	2.53 (2.23-2.81)	2.79 (2.43-3.12)	3.00 (2.59-3.37)
60-min	1.22 (1.11-1.35)	1.50 (1.36-1.65)	1.89 (1.71-2.08)	2.18 (1.97-2.40)	2.57 (2.31-2.84)	2.89 (2.58-3.19)	3.21 (2.85-3.55)	3.55 (3.13-3.94)	4.01 (3.49-4.48)	4.38 (3.78-4.92)
2-hr	1.42 (1.29-1.57)	1.73 (1.57-1.91)	2.19 (1.99-2.42)	2.55 (2.30-2.81)	3.06 (2.74-3.37)	3.47 (3.09-3.83)	3.91 (3.46-4.31)	4.36 (3.83-4.83)	5.01 (4.34-5.58)	5.53 (4.75-6.21)
3-hr	1.52 (1.38-1.69)	1.85 (1.68-2.06)	2.35 (2.12-2.60)	2.75 (2.47-3.04)	3.31 (2.95-3.66)	3.78 (3.35-4.18)	4.27 (3.75-4.73)	4.80 (4.18-5.33)	5.55 (4.77-6.19)	6.17 (5.23-6.93)
6-hr	1.86 (1.69-2.07)	2.26 (2.05-2.51)	2.85 (2.58-3.17)	3.34 (3.00-3.70)	4.06 (3.62-4.50)	4.68 (4.13-5.19)	5.34 (4.67-5.93)	6.06 (5.24-6.76)	7.12 (6.06-8.00)	8.01 (6.71-9.05)
12-hr	2.25 (2.02-2.52)	2.71 (2.44-3.05)	3.45 (3.09-3.87)	4.08 (3.64-4.57)	5.04 (4.44-5.63)	5.87 (5.13-6.57)	6.80 (5.87-7.63)	7.84 (6.67-8.82)	9.42 (7.84-10.7)	10.8 (8.82-12.3)
24-hr	2.60 (2.37-2.90)	3.15 (2.87-3.52)	4.07 (3.69-4.53)	4.87 (4.40-5.41)	6.09 (5.47-6.73)	7.17 (6.39-7.89)	8.40 (7.41-9.20)	9.78 (8.54-10.7)	11.9 (10.2-13.0)	13.8 (11.7-15.0)

September 10, 2020: 100-1000-year event

<sup>1</sup>Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

It's a network of structures, channels and underground pipes that carry stormwater (rain water) to ponds, lakes, streams and rivers. The network consists of both public and private systems. It's an integral part of the system in the county that is designed to control the quantity, quality, timing and distribution of storm runoff.

## Components

- ◆ Roadside ditches
- ◆ Roadside curb inlets
- ◆ Yard inlets
- ◆ Channels: grass, concrete, stone or asphalt
- ◆ Pipes or varying sizes
- ◆ Outfalls

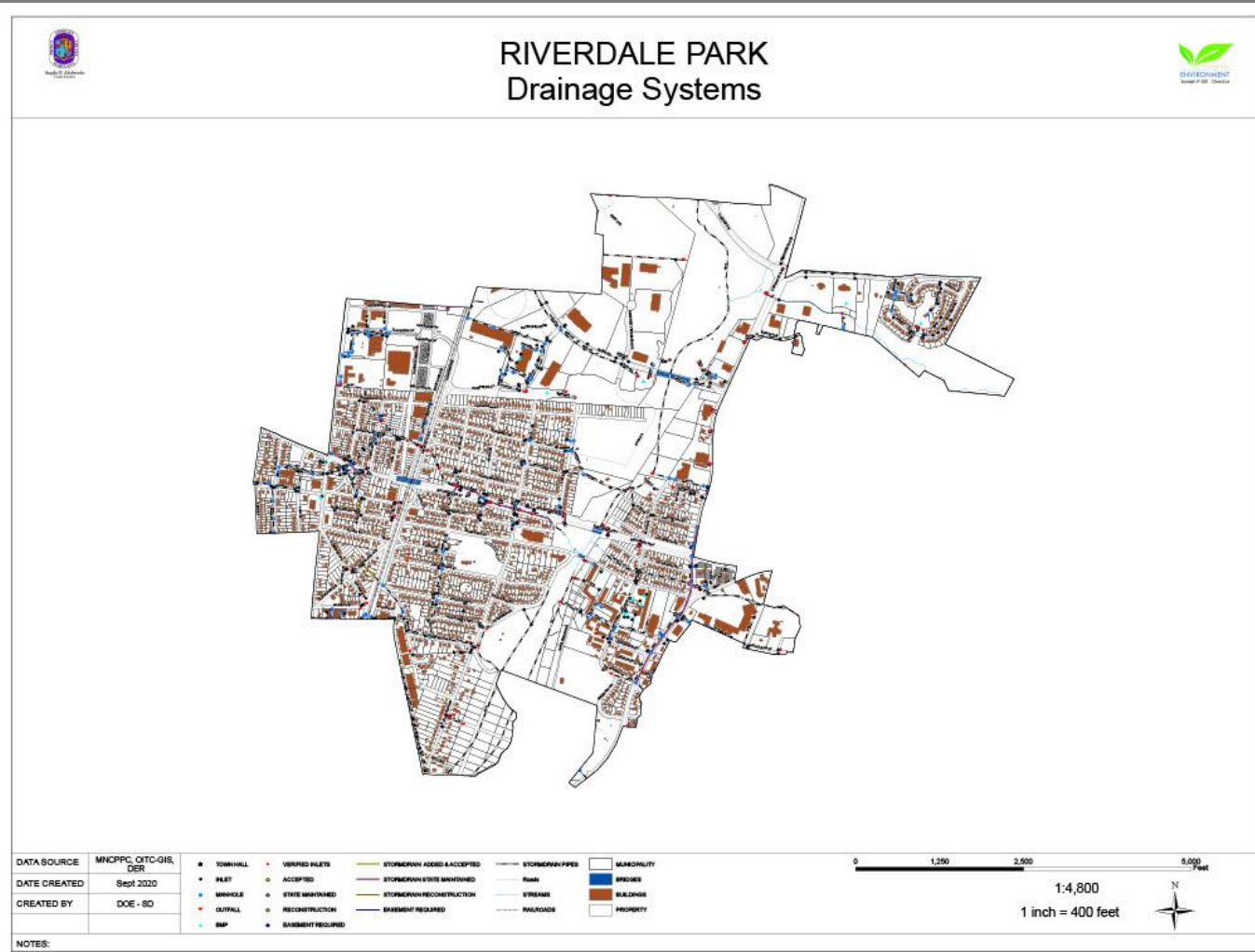
## Maintenance of the System

- ◆ County maintains the public storm drain system in the public rights of way and those with storm drain easements
- ◆ Systems on land owned by others are maintained by the land owner
- ◆ Private systems are maintained by the private property owner, including driveway culverts or pipes installed by the property owner outside of the public rights of way

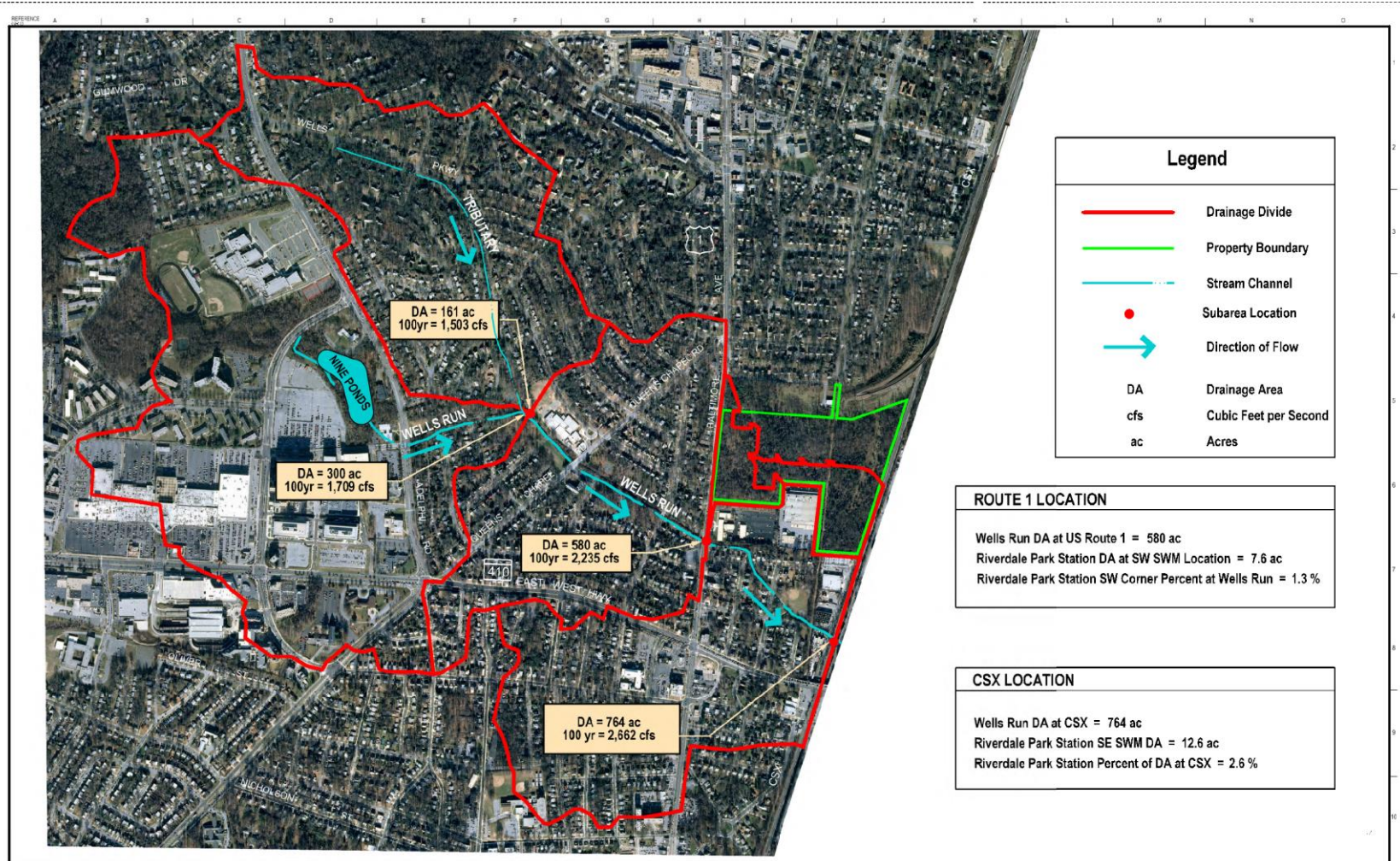


# EXAMPLE OF MUNICIPALITY STORM DRAIN INFRASTRUCTURE MAP

- ◆ Maps are available for all Municipalities
- ◆ Federal Emergency Management Administration (FEMA) updated the National Flood Insurance Program Map effective January 17, 2020.
- ◆ The Department of the Environment manages the municipal storm drain program
- ◆ The Department of Public Works and Transportation maintains storm drain systems that have been accepted into the County's inventory.
  - Maintenance includes checking and cleaning the system every 3 – 5 years
  - Responding to service requests if challenges are reported outside of the cleaning cycle



# WELLS RUN DRAINAGE AREA



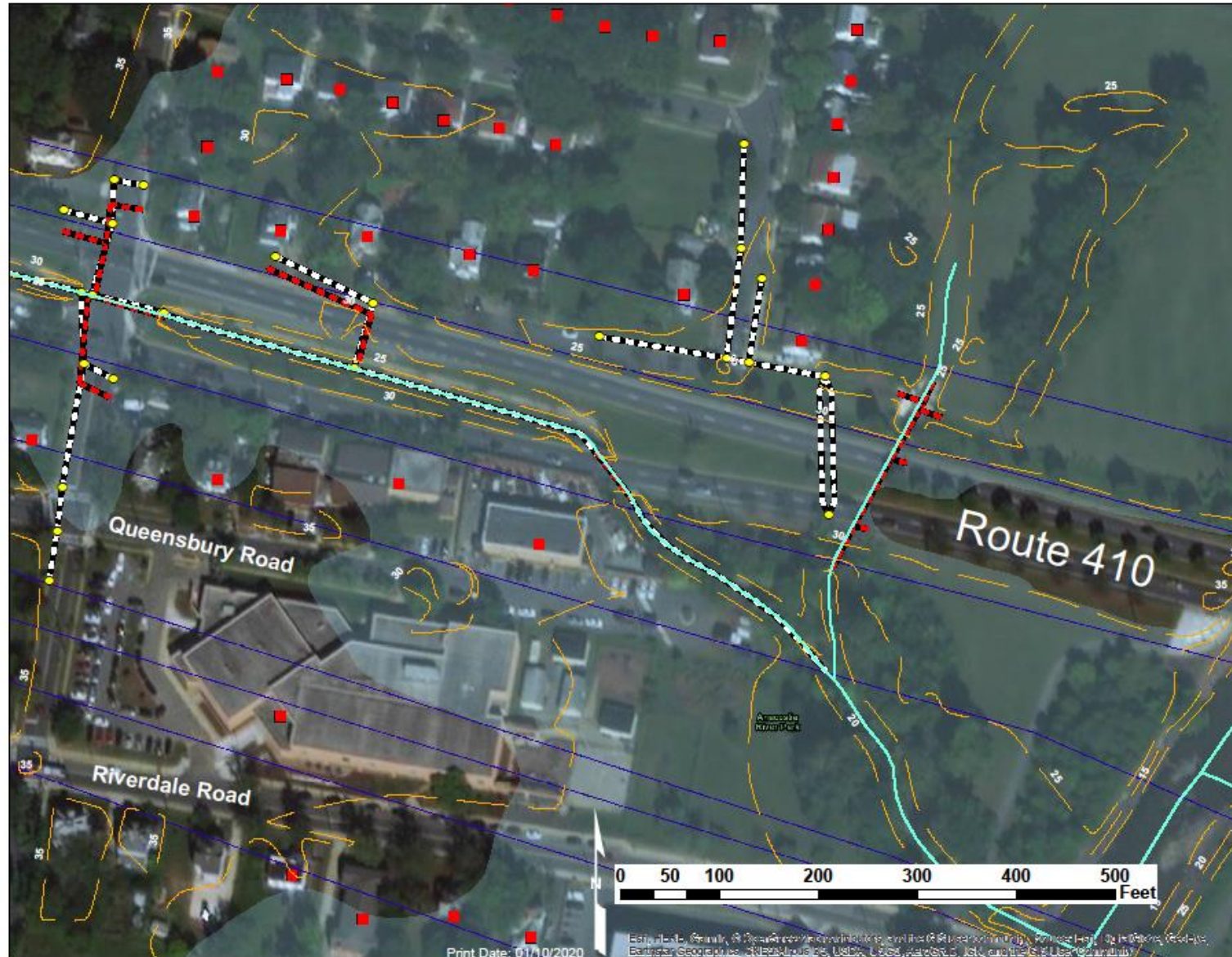
## Wells Run Drainage Area



# FEMA FLOOD PRONE STRUCTURE MAP



# FLOOD PRONE STRUCTURE MAP



**Legend**

- GISDEV.STREAMS
- GISDEV.SDI\_OUTFALLS
- GISDEV.DRAINAGE
- GISDEV.SD\_INLETS
- GISDEV.CONTOURS5FT
- GISDEV.SHA\_CONVEYANCE
- GISDEV.SDI\_PIPES
- GISDEV.Floodprone\_structures
- Outfalls
- GISDEV.SWMTG\_FLOODPLAIN
- GISDEV.County\_Roads\_DPWT

**Segments**












**Segment Type**

- Bridge
- Channel
- Culvert
- Hydraulic Connector
- Channels
- GISDEV.FLOOD\_SFHA\_SWMG\_2017

Riverdale Park Channel  
Flood Prone Structures  
Map 1









**Legend**

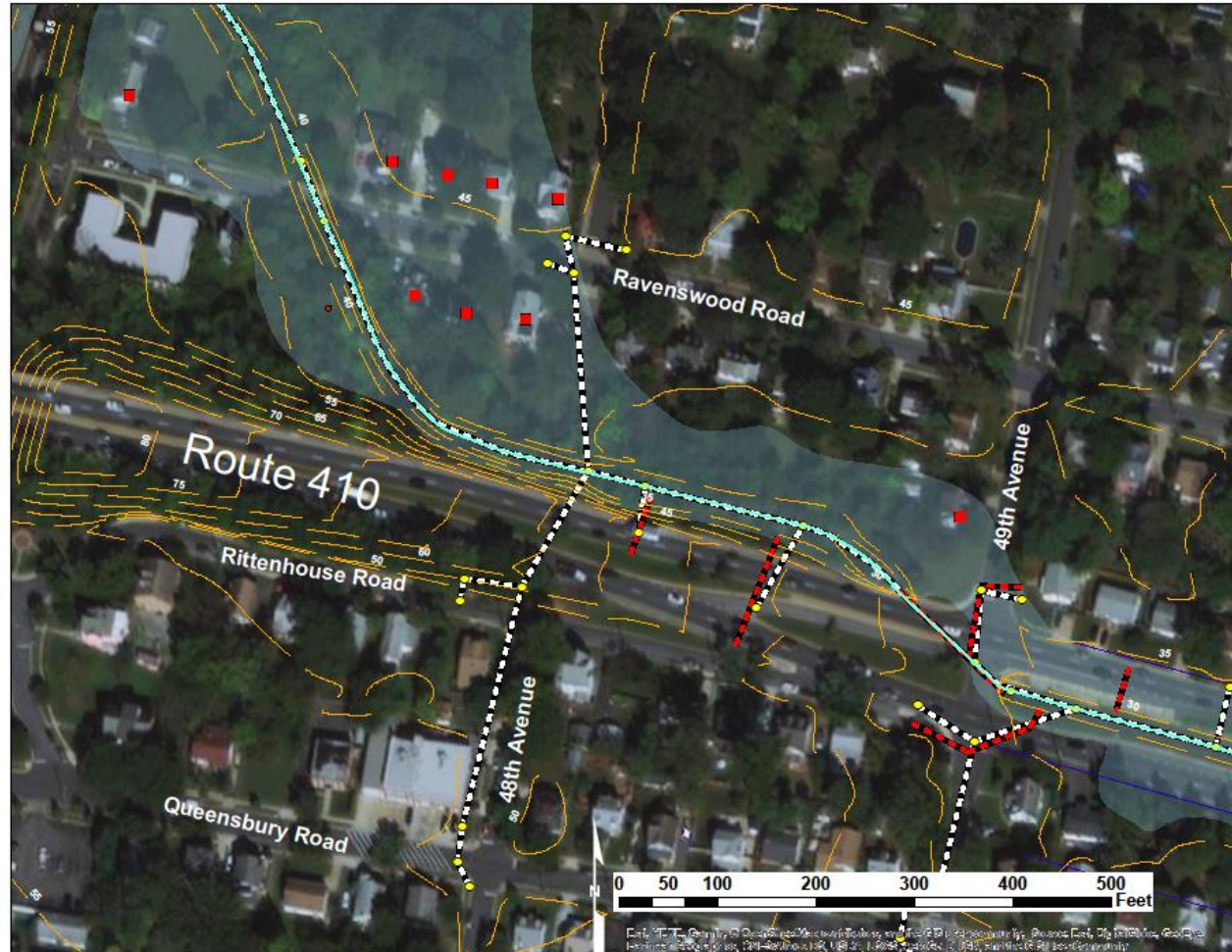
-  GISDEV.STREAMS
-  GISDEV.SDI\_OUTFALLS
-  GISDEV.DRAINAGE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_INLETS
-  GISDEV.CONTOURS5FT
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-  GISDEV.SDI\_PIPES
-  GISDEV.Floodprone\_structures
-  Outfalls
-  GISDEV.SWMTG\_FLOODPLAIN
-  GISDEV.County\_Roads\_DPWT

**Segments**












**Segment Type**

-  Bridge
-  Channel
-  Culvert
-  Hydraulic Connector
-  Channels
-  GISDEV.FLOOD\_SFHA\_SWMG\_2017

Riverdale Park Channel  
Flood Prone Structures  
Map 2









**Legend**

-  GISDEV.STREAMS
-  GISDEV.SDI\_OUTFALLS
-  GISDEV.DRAINAGE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_INLETS
-  GISDEV.CONTOURS5FT
-  GISDEV.SHA\_CONVEYANCE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_PIPES
-  GISDEV.Floodprone\_structures
-  Outfalls
-  GISDEV.SWMTG\_FLOODPLAIN
-  GISDEV.County\_Roads\_DPWT

**Segments**












**Segment Type**

-  Bridge
-  Channel
-  Culvert
-  Hydraulic Connector
-  Channels
-  GISDEV.FLOOD\_SFHA\_SWMG\_2017

Riverdale Park Channel  
Flood Prone Structures  
Map 3









**Legend**

-  GISDEV.STREAMS
-  GISDEV.SDI\_OUTFALLS
-  GISDEV.DRAINAGE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_INLETS
-  GISDEV.CONTOURS5FT
-  GISDEV.SHA\_CONVEYANCE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_PIPES
-  GISDEV.Floodprone\_structures
-  Outfalls
-  GISDEV.SWMTG\_FLOODPLAIN
-  GISDEV.County\_Roads\_DPWT

**Segments**

**Segment Type**

-  Bridge
-  Channel
-  Culvert
-  Hydraulic Connector
-  Channels
-  GISDEV.FLOOD\_SFHA\_SWMG\_2017

Riverdale Park Channel  
Flood Prone Structures  
Map 4

# FLOOD PRONE STRUCTURE MAP



**Legend**

- GISDEV.STREAMS
- GISDEV.SDI\_OUTFALLS
- GISDEV.DRAINAGE
- GISDEV.SDI\_INLETS
- GISDEV.CONTOURS5FT
- GISDEV.SHA\_CONVEYANCE
- GISDEV.SDI\_PIPES
- GISDEV.Floodprone\_structures
- Outfalls
- GISDEV.SWMTG\_FLOODPLAIN
- GISDEV.County\_Roads\_DPWT

**Segments**

**Segment Type**

- Bridge
- Channel
- Culvert
- Hydraulic Connector
- Channels
- GISDEV.FLOOD\_SFHA\_SWMG\_2017












Riverdale Park Channel  
Flood Prone Structures

Map 5











**Legend**

-  GISDEV.STREAMS
-  GISDEV.SDI\_OUTFALLS
-  GISDEV.DRAINAGE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_INLETS
-  GISDEV.CONTOURS5FT
-  GISDEV.SHA\_CONVEYANCE
-  GISDEV.SDI\_PIPES
-  GISDEV.Floodprone\_structures
-  Outfalls
-  GISDEV.SWMTG\_FLOODPLAIN
-  GISDEV.County\_Roads\_DPWT

**Segments**

**Segment Type**

-  Bridge
-  Channel
-  Culvert
-  Hydraulic Connector
-  Channels
-  GISDEV.FLOOD\_SFHA\_SWMG\_2017

Riverdale Park Channel  
Flood Prone Structures

Map 6



# PUMPING STATIONS



- ◆ Stormwater pump stations help protect areas by pumping away large volumes of water, thereby preventing the occurrence of flooding from nearby large bodies of water.
- ◆ Pumping stations were constructed in the 1950s by the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC)
- ◆ The stations were turned over to Prince George's County in the 1980s
- ◆ The stations are maintained by the Department of Public Works and Transportation under the authority of the Army Corp of Engineers.
- ◆ Maintenance is daily, monthly and quarterly; annual inspections are conducted by the Corp



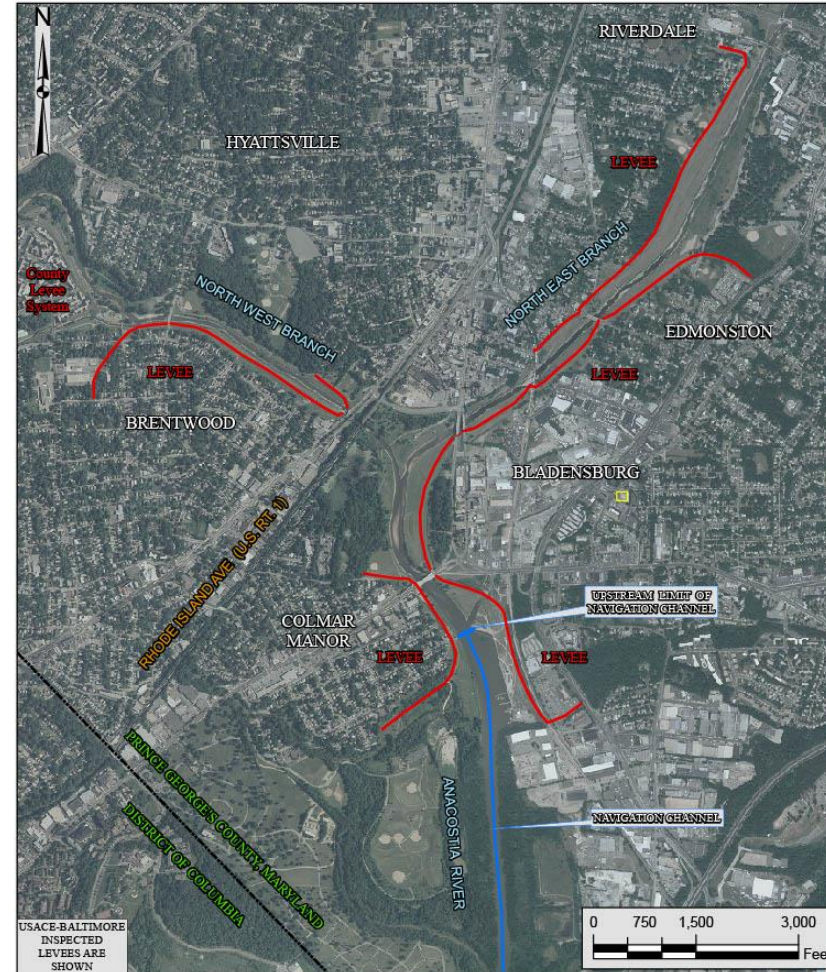
# PUMPING STATIONS





- ◆ Levees are man-made barriers along a water course constructed for the primary purpose of providing flood, storm and hurricane protection. Levees were originally constructed to protect property and reduce damages from flooding, they have often inadvertently increased flood risks by attracting greater development to the floodplain.
- ◆ The system was designed and constructed by the Army Corp of Engineers in the 1950s
- ◆ There is one levee system and two other levees within Prince George's County; the Anacostia Watershed, the Upper Marlboro levee and the Forest Heights levee
- ◆ The levee system is composed of levees known as \*Allison Street, Bladensburg, Brentwood, Colmar Manor, Hyattsville - Riverdale

\*Is not certified by the Corp



ANACOSTIA RIVER  
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND  
LOCAL FLOOD PROTECTION AND NAVIGATION



prince  
Georges  
county MARYLAND

Angela D. Alsobrooks  
*County Executive*

# QUESTIONS



Terry L. Bellamy  
*DPW&T Director*